कम्प्यूटर विश्वविद्यालय की स्थापना

5699. **श्री ईश दत्त यादव:**
श्री कनकसिंह मोहनसिंह पंगरोला:

क्या मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या सरकार के पास कम्प्यूटर विश्वविद्यालय स्थापित करने का कोई प्रस्ताव है; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो यह विश्वविद्यालय किस राज्य में स्थापित किए जाने का विचार है?

मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्रालय (शिक्षा विभाग और संस्कृति विभाग) में उप मंत्री (कु० सैलजा): (क) और (ख) सरकार के पास राजीव गांधी राष्ट्रीय संगणक एवं सम्बद्ध विज्ञान संस्थान के नाम से एक संस्थान की स्थापना का प्रस्ताव है। इस संस्थान की स्थापना के लिए कार्य पद्धतियां तैयार करने के लिए एक संचालन समिति गठित की गई है। समिति प्रस्तावित संस्थान के स्थान का सुझाव भी देगी।

Schemes for Development of Children

5700. SHRI T. VENKATRAM REDDY:
SHRI G. PRATHAPA REDDY:

Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have evolved several strategies and programmes for the development of children;

(b) if so, whether there is any focus on improved health nutrition and education for the child;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) the results achieved on national and state level?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPARTMENT OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT) (SMT. BASAVARAJESWARI): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir.

(c) The National Policy for the Welfare of Children adopted by the Government of India in the year 1974 clearly enuciates that the nation's children are a supremely important asset. Their nurture and solicitude is our responsibility. It also states that the programmes for children should find a prominent part in our National Plan for the development of human resources, endowed with the skills and motivations needed by society. The policies and programmes for the young children have been accordingly formulated. In keeping with the national policy for children, the Constitutional provisions and Directive Principles, a National Plan of Action for Children (1992) has been drawn up to evolve a holistic strategy for survival, protection and development of children which *inter-alia* lays focus on improved health, nutrition and education for the child. The major schemes undertaken by the Government in this regard include Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS) Scheme, together with the Adolescent Girls Scheme, Balwadi Nutrition Programme, Creches/Day Care Centres, Child Survival and Safe Motherhood Programme, Maternal and Child Health Programme including promotion of Breast feeding and Elementary Education. The National Policy on Education as revised in 1992 resolves the Elementary Education of satisfactory quality is to be provided to all children upto 14 years of age before the turn of the century through various strategies which include disaggregated approach, establishment of linkages and improvement of School facilities etc. The broad features of the programmes and plans related to children are aimed at providing improved health, nutrition and education for the children.

(d) Statements showing number of beneficiaries under Supplementary Nutrition Programme of ICDS, Adolescent Girls Scheme and enrolment of children in schools, State/Union